FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT JUNE 30, 2024



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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

School Board Newell School District No. 9-2 Newell, South Dakota

Report on the Financial Statements

Opinions

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Newell School District No. 9-2 (the District), as of and for the year ended June 30, 2024, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Adverse Opinion on Governmental Activities

In our opinion, because of the significance of the matter discussed in the *Basis for Adverse and Unmodified Opinions* section of our report, the financial statements referred to above do not present fairly the financial position of the governmental activities of the District as of June 30, 2024, or the changes in financial position for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Unmodified Opinions on Business-type Activities, Each Major Fund, and Aggregate Remaining Fund Information In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the business-type activities, each major fund, and aggregate remaining fund information of the District as of June 30, 2024, and the respective changes in financial position and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Basis for Adverse and Unmodified Opinions

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of the District and to meet our ethical responsibilities in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our unmodified and adverse audit opinions.

Matter Giving Rise to Adverse Opinion on Governmental Activities

As discussed in Note 1 to the financial statements, management has not recorded certain capital assets in the governmental activities and has not recorded depreciation expense on any capital assets of the governmental activities. Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that capital expenditures be recorded as assets and depreciated, which would increase assets, net position, and change expenses in the governmental activities. The amount by which this departure would affect the assets, net position, and expenses of the governmental activities has not been determined.

Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the District's ability to continue as a going concern for twelve months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and there is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards and *Government Auditing Standards* will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as a fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements, including omissions, are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards and Government Auditing Standards, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the District's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain other internal control matters that we identified during the audit.

Required Supplementary Information

Management has omitted management's discussion and analysis, budgetary comparison schedules, schedule of the District's proportionate share of the net pension asset (liability), and schedule of the District contributions that accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require to be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such missing information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. Our opinions on the basic financial statements are not affected by this missing information.

Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated March 10, 2025 on our consideration of the District's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the District's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

KETEL THORSTENSON, LLP Certified Public Accountants

Katel Thorstoners LLP

STATEMENT OF NET POSITION JUNE 30, 2024

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ASSETS Cash and Investments \$ 2,817,177 \$ 52,479 \$ 2,809,656 factors and Investments Takes Receivable 1,067,618 - 2,076,618 1,067,618 1,076,618 1,076,618 1,076,618 1,076,618 1,076,618 1,076,618 1,076,618 1,076,618 1,076,618 1,076,618 1,077,618 1,076,618 1,077,618 1,071,618 1,071,018 1,071,018 1,071,018 1,076,068 1,000,009		G		Business-Type			
Cash and Investments \$ 2,817,177 \$ 52,479 \$ 2,869,656 Taxes Receivable 1,067,618 - 1,067,618 1,067,618 1,067,618 1,067,618 1,067,618 1,067,618 1,067,618 1,067,618 1,067,618 1,067,618 1,067,618 1,067,618 1,067,618 1,067,618 1,067,618 1,068,01 1,067,618 6,660 1,067,618 6,660 6,660 1,069,614 2,454 - 1,454 0,660 2,4544 - 1,459,814 - 1,699,814 - 2,604,25 - 2,64			Activities			Total	
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Receivables 151,870 11,674 163,544 Internal Balances 71,781 (71,781) - Inventories 6,667 183 6,860 Capital Assets: 32,4544 - 24,544 Other Capital Assets 11,699,814 - 11,699,814 Equipment, Not of Depreciation - 1,111 15,837,864 DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES Pension Related Deferred Outflows of Resources 564,981 15,444 580,425 TOTAL ASSETS AND DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES 16,404,462 \$ 13,827 \$ 16,418,289 LABILITIES 197,941 \$ 6,249 \$ 204,190 Accounts Payable and Accrued Expenses \$ 197,941 \$ 6,249 \$ 204,190 Long-Term Liabilities: Due within One Year 428,616 490 429,106 Due in More than One Year 1,513,898 - 1,513,898 TOTAL LIABILITIES 2,140,455 23,824 2,164,279 Due within One Year<	Cash and Investments	\$	2,817,177	\$	52,479	\$	2,869,656
Internal Balances	Taxes Receivable		1,067,618		-		1,067,618
Inventories	Receivables		151,870		11,674		163,544
Net Pension Asset 6,677 183 6,860 Capital Assets 1 24,544 - 24,544 Other Capital Assets 11,699,814 - 11,699,814 Equipment, Net of Depreciation - 1,111 1,111 TOTAL ASSETS 15,839,481 1,617 15,837,864 DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES Pension Related Deferred Outflows of Resources 564,981 15,444 580,425 TOTAL ASSETS AND DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES \$ 16,404,462 \$ 13,827 \$ 16,418,289 LIBILITIES Accounts Payable and Accrued Expenses \$ 197,941 \$ 6,249 \$ 204,190 Unearred Revenue - - 17,085 17,085 Long-Term Liabilities: - - 1,513,898 10,166,11 42,106 429,106 10,166,11 10,166,11 10,166,11 10,166,11 10,166,11 10,166,11 10,166,11 10,166,11 10,166,11 10,166,11 10,166,11 10,166,11 10,166,11 10,166,11 10,166,11	Internal Balances		71,781		(71,781)		-
Capital Assets: 24,544 3 24,544 Land 16,69,814 - 11,69,814 Chiper Lapital Assets 11,699,814 - 11,698,814 Equipment, Net of Depreciation 15,839,481 1,111 1,111 TOTAL ASSETS 564,981 15,444 580,252 TOTAL ASSETS AND DEFERRED OUTFLOWS 564,981 15,444 580,252 TOTAL ASSETS AND DEFERRED OUTFLOWS 5197,941 \$ 6,249 \$ 14,888,889 Assenting Payable and Accrued Expenses \$ 197,941 \$ 6,249 \$ 204,190 Uncertail Revenue 2 9 17,085 17,085 Long-Term Liabilities Uncertail Liabilities Due within One Year 428,616 49 429,106 Due in More than One Year 1,513,898 2,322 2,164,279 TOTAL LIABILITIES 2,146,279 3,326,28 9,212 34,799 TOTAL LIABILITIES 333,678 9,121 342,799 TOTAL DEFERRED INFLOWS OF	Inventories		-		4,717		4,717
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Other Capital Assets 11,699,814 - 11,699,814 Equipment, Net of Depreciation - 1,111 1,111 TOTAL ASSETS 15,839,481 (1,617) 15,837,686 DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES Pension Related Deferred Outflows of Resources 564,981 15,444 580,425 TOTAL ASSETS AND DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES \$ 16,404,462 \$ 13,827 \$ 16,418,289 LIABILITIES Accounts Payable and Accrued Expenses \$ 197,941 \$ 6,249 \$ 204,190 Unear Mexenue 1,7085 1,7085 1,7085 Cong-Term Liabilities: Due within One Year 428,616 490 429,106 Due within One Year 1,513,898 - 1,513,898 TOTAL LIABILITIES 2,140,455 2,3824 2,164,279 DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES 333,678 9,121 342,799 TOTAL DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES 1,350,289 9,121 342,799 TOTAL DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES	Capital Assets:						
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TOTAL ASSETS	Other Capital Assets		11,699,814		-		11,699,814
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES Pension Related Deferred Outflows of Resources 564,981 15,444 580,425 TOTAL ASSETS AND DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES \$ 16,404,462 \$ 13,827 \$ 16,418,289 LIABILITIES Accounts Payable and Accrued Expenses \$ 197,941 \$ 6,249 \$ 204,190 Unearmed Revenue \$ 17,085 17,085 17,085 Long-Term Liabilities \$ 120,194,190 429,106 490 429,106 Due within One Year 428,616 490 429,106 Due within One Year 1,513,898 - 1,513,898 TOTAL LIABILITIES 2,140,455 23,824 2,164,279 DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES Taxes Levied for Future Period 1,016,611 - 1,016,611 Pension Related Deferred Inflows of Resources 333,678 9,121 1,359,410 NET POSITION Net Investment in Capital Assets 9,843,986 1,111 9,845,097 Restricted for: 237,980 6,506 244,466 <	Equipment, Net of Depreciation		-		1,111		1,111
Pension Related Deferred Outflows of Resources 564,981 15,444 580,425 TOTAL ASSETS AND DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES \$ 16,404,462 \$ 13,827 \$ 16,418,289 LIABILITIES	TOTAL ASSETS		15,839,481		(1,617)		15,837,864
Pension Related Deferred Outflows of Resources 564,981 15,444 580,425 TOTAL ASSETS AND DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES \$ 16,404,462 \$ 13,827 \$ 16,418,289 LIABILITIES							
TOTAL ASSETS AND DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES	DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES						
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OF RESOURCES \$ 16,404,462 \$ 13,827 \$ 16,418,289 LIABILITIES Accounts Payable and Accrued Expenses \$ 197,941 \$ 6,249 \$ 204,190 Uncarned Revenue - 17,085 17,085 Long-Term Liabilities: To within One Year 428,616 490 429,106 Due in More than One Year 1,513,898 - 1,513,898 TOTAL LIABILITIES 2,140,455 23,824 2,164,279 DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES Taxes Levied for Future Period 1,016,611 - 1,016,611 Pension Related Deferred Inflows of Resources 333,678 9,121 342,799 TOTAL DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES 1,350,289 9,121 1,359,410 NET POSITION Net Investment in Capital Assets 9,843,986 1,111 9,845,097 Restricted for: 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 4 4 2 2,416 2 2 2 4 4							
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Accounts Payable and Accrued Expenses \$ 197,941 \$ 6,249 \$ 204,190 Unearned Revenue - 17,085 17,085 Long-Term Liabilities: Use within One Year 428,616 490 429,106 Due in More than One Year 1,513,898 - 1,513,898 TOTAL LIABILITIES 23,140,455 23,824 2,164,279 DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES 333,678 9,121 342,799 TOTAL DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES 1,350,289 9,121 342,799 TOTAL DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES 1,350,289 9,121 1,359,410 NET POSITION 8 1,111 9,845,097 Restricted for: 2 237,980 6,506 244,866 Special Education 332,608 - 1,510,068 Special Education 332,608 - 332,608 Pension-SDRS 237,980 6,506 244,486 Music, Athletics, and Library 2,446 - 2,446 Music, Athletics, and Playground 7,144 - 7	OF RESOURCES	\$	16,404,462	\$	13,827	\$	16,418,289
Accounts Payable and Accrued Expenses \$ 197,941 \$ 6,249 \$ 204,190 Unearned Revenue - 17,085 17,085 Long-Term Liabilities: Use within One Year 428,616 490 429,106 Due in More than One Year 1,513,898 - 1,513,898 TOTAL LIABILITIES 23,140,455 23,824 2,164,279 DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES 333,678 9,121 342,799 TOTAL DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES 1,350,289 9,121 342,799 TOTAL DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES 1,350,289 9,121 1,359,410 NET POSITION 8 1,111 9,845,097 Restricted for: 2 237,980 6,506 244,866 Special Education 332,608 - 1,510,068 Special Education 332,608 - 332,608 Pension-SDRS 237,980 6,506 244,486 Music, Athletics, and Library 2,446 - 2,446 Music, Athletics, and Playground 7,144 - 7	I IADII IMIEC						
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Due in More than One Year 1,513,898 - 1,513,898 TOTAL LIABILITIES 2,140,455 23,824 2,164,279 DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES Taxes Levied for Future Period 1,016,611 - 1,016,611 Pension Related Deferred Inflows of Resources 333,678 9,121 342,799 TOTAL DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES 1,350,289 9,121 1,359,410 NET POSITION Net Investment in Capital Assets 9,843,986 1,111 9,845,097 Restricted for: Capital Outlay 1,510,068 - 1,510,068 Special Education 332,608 - 332,608 Pension-SDRS 237,980 6,506 244,486 Music, Athletics, and Library 2,446 - 2,446 Athletics and Playground 7,144 - 7,144 Unrestricted (Deficit) 979,486 (26,735) 952,751 TOTAL NET POSITION (DEFICIT) 12,913,718 (19,118) 12,894,600	-		120 (1)		400		100 100
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TOTAL DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES 1,350,289 9,121 1,359,410 NET POSITION Net Investment in Capital Assets 9,843,986 1,111 9,845,097 Restricted for: Capital Outlay 1,510,068 - 1,510,068 Special Education 332,608 - 332,608 Pension-SDRS 237,980 6,506 244,486 Music, Athletics, and Library 2,446 - 2,446 Athletics and Playground 7,144 - 7,144 Unrestricted (Deficit) 979,486 (26,735) 952,751 TOTAL NET POSITION (DEFICIT) 12,913,718 (19,118) 12,894,600							
NET POSITION Net Investment in Capital Assets 9,843,986 1,111 9,845,097 Restricted for: - 1,510,068 - 1,510,068 Capital Outlay 1,510,068 - 332,608 - 332,608 Special Education 332,608 - 332,608 - 332,608 Pension-SDRS 237,980 6,506 244,486 Music, Athletics, and Library 2,446 - 2,446 Athletics and Playground 7,144 - 7,144 Unrestricted (Deficit) 979,486 (26,735) 952,751 TOTAL NET POSITION (DEFICIT) 12,913,718 (19,118) 12,894,600							
Net Investment in Capital Assets 9,843,986 1,111 9,845,097 Restricted for: Capital Outlay 1,510,068 - 1,510,068 Special Education 332,608 - 332,608 Pension-SDRS 237,980 6,506 244,486 Music, Athletics, and Library 2,446 - 2,446 Athletics and Playground 7,144 - 7,144 Unrestricted (Deficit) 979,486 (26,735) 952,751 TOTAL NET POSITION (DEFICIT) 12,913,718 (19,118) 12,894,600	TOTAL DEFERRED IN LOWS OF RESOURCES		1,330,289		9,121		1,339,410
Restricted for: Capital Outlay 1,510,068 - 1,510,068 Special Education 332,608 - 332,608 Pension-SDRS 237,980 6,506 244,486 Music, Athletics, and Library 2,446 - 2,446 Athletics and Playground 7,144 - 7,144 Unrestricted (Deficit) 979,486 (26,735) 952,751 TOTAL NET POSITION (DEFICIT) 12,913,718 (19,118) 12,894,600	NET POSITION						
Capital Outlay 1,510,068 - 1,510,068 Special Education 332,608 - 332,608 Pension-SDRS 237,980 6,506 244,486 Music, Athletics, and Library 2,446 - 2,446 Athletics and Playground 7,144 - 7,144 Unrestricted (Deficit) 979,486 (26,735) 952,751 TOTAL NET POSITION (DEFICIT) 12,913,718 (19,118) 12,894,600	Net Investment in Capital Assets		9,843,986		1,111		9,845,097
Capital Outlay 1,510,068 - 1,510,068 Special Education 332,608 - 332,608 Pension-SDRS 237,980 6,506 244,486 Music, Athletics, and Library 2,446 - 2,446 Athletics and Playground 7,144 - 7,144 Unrestricted (Deficit) 979,486 (26,735) 952,751 TOTAL NET POSITION (DEFICIT) 12,913,718 (19,118) 12,894,600	Restricted for:						
Special Education 332,608 - 332,608 Pension-SDRS 237,980 6,506 244,486 Music, Athletics, and Library 2,446 - 2,446 Athletics and Playground 7,144 - 7,144 Unrestricted (Deficit) 979,486 (26,735) 952,751 TOTAL NET POSITION (DEFICIT) 12,913,718 (19,118) 12,894,600	Capital Outlay		1,510,068		-		1,510,068
Pension-SDRS 237,980 6,506 244,486 Music, Athletics, and Library 2,446 - 2,446 Athletics and Playground 7,144 - 7,144 Unrestricted (Deficit) 979,486 (26,735) 952,751 TOTAL NET POSITION (DEFICIT) 12,913,718 (19,118) 12,894,600 TOTAL LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF	· ·		332,608		-		332,608
Music, Athletics, and Library 2,446 - 2,446 Athletics and Playground 7,144 - 7,144 Unrestricted (Deficit) 979,486 (26,735) 952,751 TOTAL NET POSITION (DEFICIT) 12,913,718 (19,118) 12,894,600	-				6,506		
Athletics and Playground 7,144 - 7,144 Unrestricted (Deficit) 979,486 (26,735) 952,751 TOTAL NET POSITION (DEFICIT) 12,913,718 (19,118) 12,894,600 TOTAL LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF					, -		
Unrestricted (Deficit) 979,486 (26,735) 952,751 TOTAL NET POSITION (DEFICIT) 12,913,718 (19,118) 12,894,600 TOTAL LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·				-		
TOTAL NET POSITION (DEFICIT) 12,913,718 (19,118) 12,894,600 TOTAL LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF	* *				(26.735)		
TOTAL LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF							
					. , ,		, , ,
	TOTAL LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF						
		\$	16,404,462	\$	13,827	\$	16,418,289

STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

Net (Expense) Revenue and **Changes in Net Position Program Revenues Primary Government Business-**Charges **Operating** for Grants and Governmental **Type Contributions** Activities **Functions/Programs Expenses Services Activities Total** Governmental Activities: \$ \$ Instruction \$ 1,879,871 \$ 700,645 \$ (1,179,226)(1,179,226) \$ 1,662,234 (1,662,234)**Support Services** (1,662,234)(146,433)Co-Curricular Activities 193,177 46,744 (146,433)Interest on Long-Term Debt * 26,551 (26,551)(26,551)46,744 700,645 **Total Governmental Activities** 3,761,833 (3,014,444)(3,014,444)Business-Type Activities: Food Service 152,921 76,494 (12,039)64,388 (12,039)**Total Primary Government** \$ 3,914,754 \$ 111,132 \$ 777,139 (3,026,483)(3,014,444)(12,039)General Revenues Taxes: Property Taxes 2,438,734 2,438,734 Gross Receipts Taxes 103,322 103,322 Revenue from State Sources: State Aid 1,198,482 1,198,482 Revenue from Federal Sources 47,220 47,220 48,466 **Unrestricted Investment Earnings** 47,627 839 92,480 93,477 Miscellaneous Revenues 997 **Total General Revenues** 3,927,865 1,836 3,929,701 **Change in Net Position** (10,203)903,218 913,421 Net Position (Deficit) -- Beginning 12,000,297 11,991,382 (8,915)**Net Position (Deficit) -- Ending** 12,894,600 12,913,718 (19,118) \$

^{*} The District does not have interest expense related to the functions presented above. This amount includes indirect interest expense on general long-term debt.

GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS BALANCE SHEET JUNE 30, 2024

		General Fund		Capital Outlay Fund		Special ducation Fund	G	Total overnmental Funds
ASSETS								
Cash and Investments	\$	949,914	\$	1,494,708	\$	372,555	\$	2,817,177
Taxes Receivable Current		403,269		364,960		256,788		1,025,017
Taxes Receivable Delinquent		22,088		12,390		8,123		42,601
Advance from Other Funds		71,781		-		-		71,781
Due from State Government		149,778		-		-		149,778
Other Receivable		2,092		-		-		2,092
Total Assets	\$	1,598,922	\$	1,872,058	\$	637,466	\$	4,108,446
LIABILITIES								
Accounts Payable and Accrued Expenses	\$	143,800	\$	-	\$	50,160	\$	193,960
Due to Other Government		3,981		-				3,981
Total Liabilities		147,781		-		50,160		197,941
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES								
Taxes Levied for Future Periods		399,923		361,990		254,698		1,016,611
Unavailable Revenue - Property Taxes		22,088		12,390		8,123		42,601
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources		422,011		374,380		262,821		1,059,212
		,		,		,		
FUND BALANCES								
Nonspendable - Advance to Other Funds		71,781		-		-		71,781
Restricted - Capital Outlay		-		1,497,678		-		1,497,678
Restricted - Special Education		-		-		324,485		324,485
Restricted - Music, Athletics,								
and Library		2,446		_		-		2,446
Restricted - Athletics and Playground		7,144		-		-		7,144
Assigned - Wood and Metal, Fine Arts,								
and Library		5,904		_		-		5,904
Unassigned		941,855		-		=		941,855
Total Fund Balances		1,029,130		1,497,678		324,485		2,851,293
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of	Φ.	1 500 022	φ.	1.050.050	ф	63 = 466	ф	4 400 446
Resources and Fund Balances	\$	1,598,922	\$	1,872,058	\$	637,466	\$	4,108,446

The accompanying notes are an integral part of this statement.

RECONCILIATION OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS BALANCE SHEET TO GOVERNMENT-WIDE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION JUNE 30, 2024

Net Position - Governmental Funds	\$ 12,913,718
Pension related deferred inflows are components of pension asset and therefore are not reported in the funds.	(333,678)
Pension related deferred outflows are components of pension asset and therefore are not reported in the funds.	564,981
Net pension asset reported in governmental activities is not an available financial resource and therefore is not reported in the funds.	6,677
Assets, such as taxes receivable, that are not available to pay for current period expenditures are deferred in the funds.	42,601
Long-term liabilities, including capital outlay certificates payable, unamortized premium on certificates, and accrued leave payable, are not due in the current period and therefore are not reported in the funds.	(1,942,514)
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not current financial resources and therefore are not reported in the funds.	11,724,358
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Net Position are different because:	
Total Fund Balances - Governmental Funds	\$ 2,851,293

GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

Capital **Total Special** General Outlay Education Governmental **Fund Funds Fund Fund** Revenues: 1000 Revenue from Local Sources: 1110 Ad Valorem Taxes 944,489 856,195 603,298 2,403,982 1120 Prior Years' Ad Valorem Taxes 6,217 3,825 2,669 12,711 1140 Gross Receipts Taxes 103,322 103,322 1190 Penalties and Interest on Taxes 3,413 1,246 874 5,533 1500 Earnings on Investments and Deposits 31,801 12,945 2,881 47,627 1700 Cocurricular Activities: 1710 Admissions 14,848 14,848 1740 Cocurricular Activities 2,760 2,760 1790 Other Pupil Activity 29,136 29,136 1900 Other Revenue from Local Sources: 1910 Rentals 5,238 5,238 1920 Contributions and Donations 516 516 1990 Other 24,706 15,322 40,028 2110 County Apportionment 14,129 14,129 3000 Revenue from State Sources: 3110 Unrestricted Grants-in-Aid 1,198,482 1,198,482 3120 Restricted Grants-In-Aid 212,126 212,126 4000 Revenue from Federal Sources: 4120 Unrestricted Grants-in-Aid Received from Federal Government Through State 47,220 47,220 4150-4199 Restricted Grants-in-Aid Received from Federal Government through State 298,522 123,264 66,733 488,519 **Total Revenues** 2,724,799 997,475 903,903 4,626,177 **Expenditures:** 1100 Instruction - Regular Programs: 1110 Elementary 407.086 1.888 408,974 1120 Middle/Junior High 287,434 291.897 4,463 1,599 1130 High School 406,716 408,315 1140 Preschool 49,351 49,351 1200 Instruction - Special Programs: 1220 Programs for Special Education 540,664 540,664 1273 Educationally Deprived 178,492 178,492 2100 Support Services - Pupils: 2120 Guidance 37,356 37,356 2130 Health 34,279 34,279 2170 Student Therapy Services 57,040 57,040 2200 Support Services - Instructional Staff: 2210 Improvement of Instruction 53,689 53,689 2220 Educational Media 7,558 77,707 85,265 2300 Support Services - General: 2310 Board of Education 178,860 178,860 2320 Executive Administration 162,271 162,271 2400 Support Services - School: 2410 Office of the Principal 136,126 136,126

NEWELL SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 9-2

GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES
FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

	General Fund	Capital Outlay Fund	Special ducation Fund	Go	Total vernmental Funds
2500 Support Services - Business:					
2520 Fiscal Services	131,463	33,982	-		165,445
2530 Facilities Acquisition and Construction	-	75,872	-		75,872
2540 Operation and Maintenance of Plant	396,663	-	-		396,663
2550 Pupil Transportation	153,784	-	-		153,784
2560 Food Services	13,159	-	-		13,159
2570 Internal Services	-	13,834	-		13,834
2700 Support Services - Special Education:					
2730 Transportation Costs	-	-	700		700
2750 Other Special Education Costs	-	-	83,167		83,167
5000 Debt Service	-	393,025	-		393,025
6000 Cocurricular Activities:					
6900 Combined Activities	188,483	3,584	-		192,067
7000 Capital Outlay	-	218,930	-		218,930
Total Expenditures	2,858,640	754,735	715,850		4,329,225
Excess of Revenues over (under) Expenditures	(133,841)	242,740	188,053		296,952
Other Financing Sources					
5130 Sale of Surplus Property	-	150	-		150
5140 Compensation for Loss of General					
Capital Assets	32,419	-	-		32,419
Total Other Financing Sources	32,419	150	-		32,569
Net Change in Fund Balances	(101,422)	242,890	188,053		329,521
Fund Balances - Beginning	1,130,552	1,254,788	136,432		2,521,772
Fund Balances Ending	\$ 1,029,130	\$ 1,497,678	\$ 324,485	\$	2,851,293

RECONCILIATION OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES TO GOVERNMENT-WIDE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

Net Change in Fund Balances - Total Governmental Funds	\$	329,521
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Activities are different because:		
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures; however, in the Statement of Activities the cost of those assets should be allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense.		218,930
The fund financial statement property tax accruals differ from the government wide statement property tax accruals as the fund financial statements require the amounts to be "available."		16,508
Governmental funds recognize expenditures for amounts of compensated absences with current financial resources during the fiscal year. Amounts of compensated absences earned by employees are not recognized in the governmental funds. In the Statement of Activities, expenses for these benefits are recognized when the employees earn leave		
credits.		30,117
Payment of principal on long-term debt is an expenditure in the governmental funds, but the payment reduces long-term liabilities in the Government-wide statements.		358,275
Premium on bond issue is a revenue in the fund statements but is capitalized and recognized as interest expense in the Statement of Activities.		8,199
Changes in the pension related deferred outflows/inflows and pension asset, and related		(40.450)
pension expenses/revenues. Change in Net Position of Governmental Activities	\$	(48,129) 913,421
Change in 1961 osition of Governmental Activities	Ψ	/13,741

PROPRIETARY FUNDS BALANCE SHEET JUNE 30, 2024

		Food Service Fund
ASSETS		
Current Assets:		
Cash	\$	52,479
Accounts Receivable		453
Due from State Government		11,221
Inventory of Supplies		1,371
Inventory of Food Purchased for Resale		3,132
Inventory of Donated Food		214
Total Current Assets		68,870
Noncurrent Assets:		
Net Pension Asset		183
		183
Capital Assets: Equipment		59,011
Less Accumulated Depreciation		(57,900)
Total Noncurrent Assets		1,294
Total Profession Physics		1,274
TOTAL ASSETS		70,164
DEFFERED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES Pension Related Deferred Outflows		15,444
TOTAL ASSETS	\$	85,608
LIABILITIES		
Current Liabilities:		
Payroll Deductions and Withholdings	\$	6,249
Accrued Leave Payable	*	490
Unearned Revenue		17,085
Advance from General Fund		71,781
Total Liabilities		95,605
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES		
Pension Related Deferred Inflows		9,121
NET POSITION		
Net Investment in Capital Assets		1,111
Restricted Pension		6,506
Deficit Net Position		(26,735)
Total Net Deficit		(19,118)
TOTAL LIABILITIES DEFENDED DEL OWS OF		
TOTAL LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES, AND NET POSITION	\$	85,608
	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	

PROPRIETARY FUNDS STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN FUND NET DEFICIT FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

	Food Service Fund
Operating Revenue	
Sales:	
To Pupils	\$ 62,028
To Adults	2,360
Total Operating Revenue	64,388
On susting European	
Operating Expenses Cost of Sales - Purchased Food	50.55(
Salaries	59,556 53,535
Purchased Services	53,535
	12,997 14,491
Employee Benefits Cost of Sales - Donated Food	
	7,741
Supplies Description Level Funds	4,219
Depreciation - Local Funds	382
Total Operating Expenses	152,921
Operating Loss	(88,533)
Nonoperating Revenue	
Local Sources:	
Interest Earnings	839
Federal Sources:	
Cash Reimbursements	69,673
Donated Food	6,821
Other Revenue	997
Total Nonoperating Revenue	78,330
•	·
Change in Net Position	(10,203)
Net Deficit Beginning	(8,915)
Net Deficit Ending	\$ (19,118)

PROPRIETARY FUNDS STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

		Food Service Fund
Cash Flows from Operating Activities		
Receipts from Customers	\$	66,653
Payments to Suppliers		(76,566)
Payments to Employees		(66,219)
Net Cash Used in Operating Activities		(76,132)
Cash Flows Provided by Noncapital Financing Activities		5 0.440
Operating Subsidies		59,449
Cash Flows Provided by Investing Activities		920
Cash Received for Interest	—	839
Net Change in Cash		(15,844)
Cash Beginning		68,323
Cash Ending	\$	52,479
Reconciliation of Operating Loss to Net Cash Flows		
Used in Operating Activities		
Operating Loss		(88,533)
Adjustments to Reconcile Operating Loss to Net Cash		
Used in Operating Activities:		
Cost of Sales - Donated Food		7,741
Depreciation - Local Funds		382
Change in Assets and Liabilities:		
Accounts Receivable		4
Inventories		206
Pension Asset		(25)
Pension Related Deferred Inflows and Outflows		(145)
Accrued Leave and Payroll Deductions Payable		1,977
Unearned Revenue		2,261
Net Cash Used in Operating Activities	\$	(76,132)
Noncash Investing, Capital and Financing Activities		
Value of Commodities Received	\$	6,821

STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET POSITION JUNE 30, 2024

	Private-Purpose Trust Fund		
ASSETS Cash and Investments	\$ 10,667	\$	47,064
NET POSITION Restricted:			
Individuals and Organizations Scholarships	\$ - 10,667	\$	47,064 -

STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN FIDUCIARY NET POSITION FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

]	Private- Purpose Trust Fund			
ADDITIONS					
Member Contributions	\$	-	\$	98,659	
DEDUCTIONS					
Payments to Individuals and Organizations		-		101,350	
Change in Net Position		-		(2,691)	
Net Position - Beginning		10,667		49,755	
Net Position - Ending	\$	10,667	\$	47,064	

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2024

(1) Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

Reporting Entity

The reporting entity of the District consists of the primary government (which includes all of the funds, organizations, institutions, agencies, departments, and offices that make up the legal entity, plus those funds for which the primary government has a fiduciary responsibility, even though those fiduciary funds may represent organizations that do not meet the criteria for inclusion in the financial reporting entity); those organizations for which the primary government is financially accountable; and other organizations for which the nature and significance of their relationship with the primary government are such that their exclusion would cause the financial reporting entity's financial statements to be misleading or incomplete.

The funds included in this report are controlled by or dependent upon the District's Board of Education. The accounting policies of the District conform to accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America as applicable to governments.

Use of Estimates

The preparation of the financial statements in accordance with Generally Accepted Accounting Principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of certain financial statement balances. Actual results could vary from the estimates used.

Basis of Presentation

Government-Wide Statements:

The Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities display information about the reporting entity as a whole. These statements include the financial activities of the overall government, except for fiduciary activities. Eliminations have been made to minimize the double-counting of internal activities. These statements distinguish between the governmental and business-type activities of the District. Governmental activities generally are financed through taxes, intergovernmental revenues, and other non-exchange transactions. Business-type activities are financed in whole or in part by fees charged to external parties for goods and services.

The Statement of Net Position reports all financial and capital resources in a balance sheet form (assets equal liabilities plus net position). Net position is displayed in three components, as applicable: net investment in capital assets, restricted (distinguishing between major categories of restrictions), and unrestricted.

The Statement of Activities presents a comparison between direct expenses and program revenues for each segment of the business-type activities of the District and for each function of the District's governmental activities. Direct expenses are those that are specifically associated with a program or function and, therefore, are clearly identifiable to a particular function. Program revenues include (a) charges paid by recipients of goods and services offered by the programs and (b) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular program. Revenues that are not classified as program revenues are presented as general revenues.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2024

(1) Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

Basis of Presentation

Fund Financial Statements:

Fund financial statements of the reporting entity are organized into funds, each of which is considered to be a separate accounting entity. Each fund is accounted for by providing a separate set of self-balancing accounts that constitute its assets, liabilities, fund equity, revenues, and expenditures. Funds are organized into three major categories: governmental, proprietary, and fiduciary. An emphasis is placed on major funds within the governmental and proprietary categories. A fund is considered major if it is the primary operating fund of the District or it meets the following criteria:

- 1. Total assets, liabilities, revenues, or expenditures of the individual governmental or enterprise fund are at least 10 percent of the corresponding total for all funds of that category or type, and
- 2. Total assets, liabilities, revenues, or expenditures of the individual governmental or enterprise fund are at least five percent of the corresponding total for all governmental and enterprise funds combined, or
- 3. Management has elected to classify one or more governmental or enterprise funds as major for consistency in reporting from year-to-year, or because of public interest in the fund's operations.

The funds of the financial reporting entity are described below:

Governmental Funds:

General Fund – A fund established by South Dakota Codified Laws (SDCL) 13-16-3 to meet all the general operational costs of the school district. The General Fund is always a major fund. It is used to account for all financial resources except those accounted for in another fund.

Special Revenue Funds – Special revenue funds are used to account for the proceeds of specific revenue sources (other than expendable trusts or major capital projects) that are restricted or committed to expenditure for specific purposes. Fund equity of these funds is restricted by law.

Capital Outlay Fund – A fund established by SDCL 13-16-6 to meet expenditures which result in the lease of, acquisition of or additions to real property, plant or equipment, textbooks and instructional software. This fund is financed by property taxes. This is a major fund.

Special Education Fund – A fund established by SDCL 13-37-16 to pay the costs for the special education of all children in need of special assistance and prolonged assistance who reside within the District. This fund is financed by grants and property taxes. This is a major fund.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2024

(1) Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

Basis of Presentation

Proprietary Funds:

Enterprise Funds – Enterprise funds may be used to report any activity for which a fee is charged to external users for goods or services. Activities are required to be reported as enterprise funds if any one of the following criteria is met.

- a. The activity is financed with debt that is secured solely by a pledge of the net revenues from fees and charges of the activity. Debt that is secured by a pledge of net revenues from fees and charges and the full faith and credit of a related primary government or component unit-even if that government is not expected to make any payments-is not payable solely from fees and charges of the activity. (Some debt may be secured, in part, by a portion of its own proceeds but should be considered as payable "solely" from the revenues of the activity.)
- b. Laws or regulations require that the activity's costs of providing services, including capital costs (such as depreciation or debt service), be recovered with fees and charges, rather than with taxes or similar revenues.
- c. The pricing policies of the activity establish fees and charges designed to recover its costs, including capital costs (such as depreciation or debt service).

Food Service Fund - A fund used to record financial transactions related to food service operations. This fund is financed by user charges and grants. This is a major fund and is the only enterprise fund maintained by the District.

Fiduciary Funds:

Fiduciary funds are never considered to be major funds.

Private-Purpose Trust Funds – Private-purpose trust funds are used to account for trust arrangements under which principal and income benefit individuals, private organizations, or other governments. The District maintains one private-purpose trust fund, which is a scholarship fund that was established by a donation made to the District for payment of scholarships to District students.

Custodial Funds – Custodial funds are used to report fiduciary activities that are not required to be reported in pension (and other employee benefit) trust funds, investment trust funds, or private-purpose trust funds. The District maintains custodial funds to hold assets as an agent in a trustee capacity for various classes, clubs, and organizations.

Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting

Measurement focus is a term to describe how transactions are recorded within the various financial statements. Basis of accounting refers to when revenues and expenditures or expenses are recognized in the accounts and reported in the financial statements, regardless of the measurement focus.

Measurement Focus:

Government-wide Financial Statements:

In the government-wide Statement of Net Position and Statement of Activities, both governmental and business-type activities are presented using the economic resources measurement focus, applied on the accrual basis of accounting.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2024

(1) Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting

Measurement Focus:

Fund Financial Statements:

In the fund financial statements, the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting are applied to governmental funds, while the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting are applied to the proprietary and fiduciary funds.

Basis of Accounting:

Government-wide Financial Statements:

In the government-wide Statement of Net Position and Statement of Activities, governmental and business-type activities are presented using the accrual basis of accounting. Under the accrual basis of accounting, revenues and related assets generally are recorded when earned, and expenses and related liabilities are recorded when an obligation is incurred.

Fund Financial Statements:

All governmental funds are accounted for using the modified accrual basis of accounting. Their revenues, including property taxes, generally are recognized when they become measurable and available. Available means resources are collected or to be collected soon enough after the end of the fiscal year that they can be used to pay the bills of the current period. The accrual period does not exceed one bill-paying cycle, and for the District, the length of that cycle is 60 days.

Under the modified accrual basis of accounting, receivables may be measurable but not available. Available means collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to be used to pay liabilities of the current period. Reported deferred inflows are those where asset recognition criteria have been met, but for which revenue recognition criteria have not been met.

Expenditures generally are recognized when the related fund liability is incurred. Exceptions to this general rule include principal and interest on general long-term debt, which are recognized when due.

All proprietary and fiduciary fund types are accounted for using the accrual basis of accounting. Their revenues are recognized when they are earned, and their expenses are recognized when they are incurred.

Interfund Eliminations and Reclassifications

Government-wide Financial Statements:

In the process of aggregating data for the government-wide financial statements, some amounts reported as interfund activity and balances in the fund financial statements have been eliminated or reclassified as follows:

In order to minimize the grossing-up effect on assets and liabilities within the governmental and business-type activities columns of the primary government, amounts reported as interfund receivables and payables have been eliminated in the governmental and business-type activities columns, except for the net, residual amounts due between governmental and business-type activities, which are presented as internal balances.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2024

(1) Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

Interfund Eliminations and Reclassifications

Fund Financial Statements:

Noncurrent portions of long-term interfund receivables (reported in Advances to asset accounts) are equally offset by a non-spendable fund balance designation, which indicates that they do not constitute available spendable resources since they are not a component of net current assets. Current portions of interfund loans receivable (reported in Due from asset accounts) are considered available, spendable resources.

Capital Assets

Capital assets include land, buildings, machinery and equipment, and all other tangible or intangible assets that are used in operations and that have initial useful lives extending beyond a single reporting period.

The accounting treatment over capital assets depends on whether the assets are used in governmental fund operations or proprietary fund operations and whether they are reported in the government-wide or fund financial statements.

Government-wide Statements:

The District does not have subsidiary records to support its governmental capital asset balance. In addition, capital asset additions and deletions have not been consistently or accurately recorded since 1994. No accumulated depreciation or depreciation expense is recorded in the government-wide statements for governmental activities.

Fund Financial Statements:

In the fund financial statements, capital assets used in governmental fund operations are accounted for as capital expenditures of the appropriate governmental fund upon acquisition. Capital assets used in the proprietary fund operations are accounted for on the accrual basis.

The estimated useful lives of equipment reported in the proprietary funds are 5 to 15 years.

Long-Term Liabilities

The accounting treatment of long-term liabilities depends on whether the assets are used in governmental fund operations or proprietary fund operations and whether they are reported in the government-wide or fund financial statements.

All long-term liabilities to be repaid from governmental and business-type resources are reported as liabilities in the government-wide statements. The long-term liabilities primarily consist of compensated absences payable, energy efficient loans, capital outlay certificates, and related premiums.

In the governmental fund financial statements, debt proceeds are reported as revenues (other financing sources), while payments of principal and interest are reported as expenditures when they become due. The accounting for proprietary fund long-term debt is on the accrual basis, the same in the fund statements as in the government-wide statements.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2024

(1) Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

Program Revenues

In the government-wide Statement of Activities, reported program revenues are derived directly from the program itself or from parties other than the District's taxpayers or citizenry, as a whole. Program revenues are classified into three categories, as follows:

- Charges for services These arise from charges to customers, applicants, or others who purchase, use, or directly benefit from the goods, services, or privileges provided, or are otherwise directly affected by the services.
- 2. Program-specific operating grants and contributions These arise from mandatory and voluntary non-exchange transactions with other governments, organizations, or individuals that are restricted for use in a particular program.
- 3. Program-specific capital grants and contributions These arise from mandatory and voluntary non-exchange transactions with other governments, organizations, or individuals that are restricted for the acquisition of capital assets for use in a particular program.

Proprietary Funds Revenue and Expense Classifications

In the proprietary fund Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Fund Net Position, revenues and expenses are classified in a manner consistent with how they are classified in the Statement of Cash Flows. That is, transactions for which related cash flows are reported as capital and related financing activities, non-capital financing activities, or investing activities are not reported as components of operating revenues or expenses.

Cash and Cash Equivalents

The District pools its cash resources for depositing and investing purposes. Accordingly, the District has access to its cash resources on demand. All reported enterprise fund deposit and investment balances are considered to be cash equivalents for the purpose of the Statement of Cash Flows.

Inventory

Inventory is valued at the lower of cost or market. The cost valuation method is first-in, first-out. Donated commodities are valued at estimated market value based on the USDA price list at date of receipt.

Inventory in the enterprise fund consists of food and supplies held for consumption. Inventory is recorded at the time individual inventory items are purchased and expensed when consumed.

There are no significant amounts of governmental supplies inventory maintained by the District.

Deposits and Investments

The District follows the practice of aggregating the cash assets of various funds to maximize cash management efficiency and returns. Various restrictions on deposits and investments are imposed by statutes. These restrictions are summarized below:

Deposits – The District's deposits are made in qualified public depositories as defined by SDCL 4-6A-1, 13-16-15, 13-16-15.1, and 13-16-18.1. Qualified depositories are required by SDCL 4-6A-3 to maintain at all times, segregated from their other assets, eligible collateral having a value equal to at least 100 percent of the public deposit accounts that exceed deposit insurance such as the FDIC and NCUA. In lieu of pledging eligible securities, a qualified public depository may furnish irrevocable standby letters of credit issued by federal home loan banks accompanied by written evidence of that bank's public debt rating, which may not be less than "AA" or better, or a qualified public depository may furnish a corporate surety bond of a corporation authorized to do business in South Dakota.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2024

(1) Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

Deposits and Investments

Investments – In general, SDCL 4-5-6 permits school district funds to be invested only in (a) securities of the United States and securities guaranteed by the United States Government either directly or indirectly; or (b) repurchase agreements fully collateralized by securities described in (a) above; or in shares of an open-end, no-load fund administered by an investment company whose investments are in securities described in (a) above and repurchase agreements described in (b) above. Also, SDCL 4-5-9 requires investments to be in the physical custody of the political subdivision or deposited in a safekeeping account with any bank or trust company designated by the political subdivision as its fiscal agent.

As of June 30, 2024, the District's cash and investments consisted of checking accounts and non-negotiable certificates of deposit. The bank balances at June 30, 2024 are as follows:

	B	ank Balance
Insured - FDIC	\$	250,000
Uninsured, collateralized in accordance with SDCL 4-6A-3		2,683,566
Total Deposits	\$	2,933,566

Credit Risk:

State law limits eligible investments for the District, as discussed above. The District has no investment policy that would further limit its investment choices.

Interest Rate Risk:

The District does not have a formal investment policy that limits investment maturities as a means of managing its exposure to fair value losses arising from increasing interest rates.

Custodial Credit Risk:

The risk that, in the event of a depository failure, the District's deposits may not be returned to it. The District does not have a deposit policy for custodial credit risk. As of June 30, 2024, none of the District's deposits were exposed to custodial credit risk.

State law allows income from deposits to be credited to either the General Fund or the fund making the investment. The District's policy is to credit all income from deposits to the fund making the investment.

Deferred Inflows and Outflows of Resources and Unearned Revenue

In addition to assets, a separate section for deferred outflows of resources is reported. Deferred outflows of resources represent consumption of net position that applies to a future period or periods. These items will not be recognized as an outflow of resources until the applicable future period. Deferred outflows of resources consist of pension activity.

In addition to liabilities, a separate section for deferred inflows of resources is reported. Deferred inflows of resources represent acquisitions of net position that applies to a future period or periods. These items will not be recognized as an inflow of resources until the applicable future period. Deferred inflows of resources consist of property taxes and pension activity. Unearned revenues are resources obtained prior to revenue recognition and consist of account credits for student meals not yet used.

Pensions

For purposes of measuring the net pension asset and deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension revenue, information about the fiduciary net position of the South Dakota Retirement System (SDRS) and additions to SDRS's fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by SDRS. District contributions and net pension asset are recognized on an accrual basis of accounting.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2024

(1) Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

Equity Classifications

Government-wide Statements:

Equity is classified as net position and is displayed in three components:

- 1. Net investment in capital assets Consists of capital assets, including restricted capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation (if applicable) and reduced by the outstanding balances of any bonds, mortgages, notes or other borrowings that are attributable to the acquisition, construction, or improvement of those assets.
- 2. Restricted net position Consists of net position with constraints placed on their use either by (a) external groups, such as creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws and regulations of other governments; or (b) law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.
- 3. Unrestricted net position All other net position that do not meet the definition of restricted or net investment in capital assets.

It is the District's policy to first use restricted net position, prior to the use of unrestricted net position, when an expense is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted net position are available.

Fund Financial Statements:

Proprietary fund equity is classified the same as in the government-wide financial statements. Fiduciary fund equity is reported as restricted net position held in trust for other purposes.

The District classifies governmental fund balances as follows:

Nonspendable – includes fund balance amounts that cannot be spent either because it is not in spendable form or because of legal or contractual constraints.

<u>Restricted</u> – includes fund balance amounts that are constrained for specific purposes which are externally imposed by providers, such as creditors or amounts constrained due to constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

<u>Committed</u> – includes fund balance amounts that are constrained for specific purposes that are internally imposed by the government through formal action of the highest level of decision-making authority and does not lapse at year-end.

<u>Assigned</u> – includes fund balance amounts that are intended to be used for specific purposes that are neither considered restricted nor committed. Fund balance may be assigned by the School Board, Superintendent and Business Manager.

<u>Unassigned</u> – includes positive fund balance within the General Fund which has not been classified within the above-mentioned categories.

The District uses restricted amounts first when both restricted and unrestricted fund balance is available unless there are legal documents/contracts that prohibit doing this, such as a grant agreement requiring dollar for dollar spending. Additionally, the District would first use committed, then assigned, and lastly unassigned amounts of unrestricted fund balance when expenditures are made. The District does not have a formal minimum fund balance policy.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2024

(1) Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

Emerging Accounting Standards

In June 2022, the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) issued Statement No. 101, *Compensated Absences*, which updates the recognition and measurement guidance for compensated absences. Leave that has not been used, is attributable to services already rendered, accumulates, and is more likely than not to be used for time off or otherwise paid in cash or settled through noncash means should generally be recognized at the employee's pay rate as of the financial statement date. The standard also includes guidance for types of leave other than vacation, requires accrual of salary related payments, and changes the disclosure requirements. The statement is effective for the District's year ending June 30, 2025.

In December 2023, the GASB issued Statement No. 102, *Certain Risk Disclosures*, which expands the disclosure requirements for risks related to a government's vulnerabilities due to certain concentrations or constraints. The disclosure criteria should be assessed for the primary government reporting unit and all other reporting units that report a liability for revenue debt. A disclosure shall be made in the notes to the financial statements if all of the following criteria are met: a concentration or constraint is known, the concentration or constraint makes the reporting unit vulnerable to the risk of a substantial impact, and an event related to the concentration or constraint that could have a substantial impact has occurred or is expected to occur within twelve months of the date the financial statements are issued. The statement is effective for the District's year ending June 30, 2025.

In April 2024, the GASB issued Statement No. 103, *Financial Reporting Model Improvements*, which improves key components of the financial reporting model to enhance its effectiveness in providing information to the users of the financial statements. The statement redefines the information to be included in management's discussion and analysis, clarifies operating vs. nonoperating revenues and expenses in the proprietary fund statement of revenues, expenses and changes in fund net position, provides guidance on the presentation of unusual or infrequent items, updates the requirements of presentation of major component unit information, and changes the presentation of the budgetary comparison schedules.

In September 2024, the GASB issued Statement No. 104, *Disclosure of Certain Capital Assets*, which requires certain information regarding capital assets to be presented by major class. This includes lease assets, intangible right-to-use assets under public-private and public-public partnerships, subscription assets, and certain other intangible assets. In addition, new disclosures surrounding capital assets held for sale are required.

The District is currently evaluating the impact this statement will have on the financial statements.

Subsequent Events

Subsequent events were evaluated through March 10, 2025, which is the date which the financial statements were available to be issued.

(2) Property Taxes

Property taxes are levied on or before each October 1, attach as an enforceable lien on property, become due and payable as of the following January 1, and are payable in two installments on or before the following April 30 and October 31. The county bills and collects the District's taxes and remits them to the District.

District property tax revenues are recognized to the extent they are used to finance each year's appropriations. Revenue related to current year property taxes receivable, which is not intended to be used to finance the current year's appropriations and therefore is not susceptible to accrual, has been reported as deferred inflows in both the fund financial statements and the government-wide financial statements. Additionally, in the fund financial statements, revenue from property taxes may be limited by any amount not collected during the fiscal period or within the "availability period."

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2024

(3) Due from State Government

Amounts due from state governments include grant reimbursements and gross receipts taxes due from the State of South Dakota.

(4) Changes in Capital Assets

Changes in capital assets used in governmental activities were as follows (see Note 1):

	Balance			Transfers/		Balance		
Governmental Activities	Ju	ne 30, 2023		Additions	R	etirements	Jı	ine 30, 2024
Land	\$	24,544	\$	-	\$	-	\$	24,544
Buildings		4,809,495		-		-		4,809,495
Improvements Other than Building		4,576,871		128,983		146,678		4,852,532
Equipment Local Funds		1,285,202		-		-		1,285,202
Equipment Federal Funds		662,638		89,947		-		752,585
Construction in Progress		146,678		-		(146,678)		-
Governmental Activities Capital Assets	\$	11,505,428	\$	218,930	\$	-	\$	11,724,358

Changes in capital assets used in business-type activities were as follows:

	_	Balance June 30, 2023 Addition			_	ransfers/ etirements	Balance June 30, 2024	
Business-Type Activities		,						,
Equipment	\$	59,011	\$	-	\$	-	\$	59,011
Less Accumulated Depreciation		(57,518)		(382)		-		(57,900)
Business - Type Activities Capital Assets, Net	\$	1,493	\$	(382)	\$	-	\$	1,111

(5) Long-Term Debt

The following is a summary of the changes in long-term liabilities for the year ended June 30, 2024:

		Balance					Balance	D	ue Within
Governmental Activities	Ju	ine 30, 2023	Additions	F	Reductions	Jı	ine 30, 2024	(One Year
Capital Outlay Certificates	\$	1,790,000	\$ =	\$	(195,000)	\$	1,595,000	\$	195,000
Premium on Refunding									
Certificates		77,206	-		(8,199)		69,007		8,199
Notes Payable		379,640	-		(163,275)		216,365		163,275
Compensated Absences Payable		92,259	21,229		(51,346)		62,142		62,142
Governmental Activities									
Long-Term Liabilities	\$	2,339,105	\$ 21,229	\$	(417,820)	\$	1,942,514	\$	428,616
Business-Type Activities									
Compensated Absences Payable	\$	545	\$ 1,175	\$	(1,230)	\$	490	\$	490
•									

The governmental compensated absences will be paid from the General Fund and Special Education Fund.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2024

(5) Long-Term Debt

Long-term liabilities are comprised of the following at June 30, 2024:

Capital Outlay Certificates:

Limited Tax General Obligation Capital Outlay Refunding Certificates, Series 2020, due in variable payments, including interest at 2.00 percent through December 2033; paid from the Capital Outlay Fund.

\$ 1,595,000

Unamortized deferred premium on Limited Tax General Obligation Capital Outlay Refunding Certificates, Series 2020

69,007

Total	Capital	Outlay	Certificates	
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1,664,007

Notes Payable:

South Dakota Energy Efficiency School Loan, requires variable annual installments, is non-interest bearing through July 2024; paid from the Capital Outlay Fund.

150,000

South Dakota Energy Efficiency School Loan, requires variable annual installments, is non-interest bearing through July 2029; paid from the Capital Outlay Fund.

66,365 **216,365**

Compensated Absences Payable

Total Notes Pavable

62,142

\$ 1,942,514

The annual requirements to amortize all debt outstanding as of June 30, 2024, excluding compensated absences and unamortized bond premiums, are as follows:

Year	-	l Outlay ficates	,	Notes				
Ending June 30,	Principal Principal		nterest	Payable Principal	Tot	al Principal	Tota	al Interest
		1		: I ::	101	·	101	
2025	195,000		29,950	163,275		358,275		29,950
2026	190,000		26,100	13,275		203,275		26,100
2027	200,000		22,200	13,275		213,275		22,200
2028	205,000		18,150	13,275		218,275		18,150
2029	125,000		14,850	13,265		138,265		14,850
2030-2034	680,000		34,500	-		680,000		34,500
	\$ 1,595,000	\$	145,750	\$ 216,365	\$	1,811,365	\$	145,750

(6) Donor Restrictions

The restricted fund balance in the General Fund at June 30, 2024 of \$9,590 is restricted for music, athletics, library, and playground in accordance with donor restrictions.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2024

(7) Risk Management

The District is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. During the year ended June 30, 2024, the District managed its risks as follows:

Property/Liability Insurance

The District purchases liability insurance for risk related to torts, theft or damage to property; and errors and omissions of public officials from a commercial insurance carrier. Settled claims resulting from these risks have not exceeded the liability coverage during the past three years.

Workmen's Compensation

The District purchases liability insurance for worker's compensation from a commercial carrier. Settled claims resulting from these risks have not exceeded the liability coverage during the past three years.

Health Insurance

The District joined the South Dakota School District Benefits Fund. This is a public entity risk pool currently operating as a common risk management and insurance program for South Dakota local government entities. The District pays a monthly premium to the pool to provide health insurance coverage for its employees. The pool purchases reinsurance coverage with the premiums it receives from the members. During the year ended June 30, 2024, the coverage provided a deductible of \$1,000 per person up to \$5,000 per family. The plan also provides for coinsurance of 80 percent up to \$10,000. The coverage also includes a \$2,000,000 lifetime maximum payment per person.

The District does not carry additional health insurance coverage to pay claims in excess of this upper limit. Settlement claims resulting from these risks have not exceeded the liability coverage during the past three years.

Unemployment Benefits

The District has elected to be self-insured and retain all risk for liabilities resulting from claims for unemployment benefits.

During the year ended June 30, 2024, no claims for unemployment benefits were paid. At June 30, 2024, no claims had been filed for unemployment benefits and none are anticipated in the next fiscal year.

(8) Interfund Activity

Included in Advance To/From Other Funds, the Food Service Fund borrowed \$71,781 from the General Fund for operations at June 30, 2024. The Food Service Fund does not currently have plans to repay the General Fund.

(9) Pension Plan

All employees working more than 20 hours per week during the school year participate in the South Dakota Retirement System (SDRS), a cost sharing, multiple employer hybrid, defined benefit pension plan administered by SDRS, established to provide retirement benefits for employees of the State of South Dakota and its political subdivisions. The SDRS provides retirement, disability and survivors' benefits. The right to receive retirement benefits vests after three years of credited service. Authority for establishing, administering and amending plan provisions are found in South Dakota Codified Law 3-12. The SDRS issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information. That report may be obtained by writing to SDRS, P.O. Box 1098, Pierre, South Dakota 57501-1098 or by calling (605) 773-3731.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2024

(9) Pension Plan

Benefits Provided:

SDRS has four classes of employees, Class A general members, Class B public safety and judicial members, Class C Cement Plant Retirement Fund members, and Class D Department of Labor and Regulation members.

Members that were hired before July 1, 2017, are Foundation members. Class A Foundation members and Class B Foundation members who retire after age 65 with three years of contributory service are entitled to an unreduced annual retirement benefit. An unreduced annual retirement benefit is also available after age 55 for Class A Foundation members where the sum of age and credited service is equal to or greater than 85 or after age 55 for Class B Foundation judicial members where the sum of age and credited service is equal to or greater than 80. Class B Foundation public safety members can retire with an unreduced annual retirement benefit after age 55 with three years of contributory service. An unreduced annual retirement benefit is also available after age 45 for Class B Foundation public safety members where the sum of age and credited service is equal to or greater than 75. All Foundation retirements that do not meet the above criteria may be payable at a reduced level.

Members that were hired on/after July 1, 2017, are Generational members. Class A Generational members and Class B Generational judicial members who retire after age 67 with three years of contributory service are entitled to an unreduced annual retirement benefit. Class B Generational public safety members can retire with an unreduced annual retirement benefit after age 57 with three years of contributory service. At retirement, married Generational members may elect a single-life benefit, a 60 percent joint and survivor benefit, or a 100 percent joint and survivor benefit. All Generational retirement benefits that do not meet the above criteria may be payable at a reduced level. Generational members will also have a variable retirement account (VRA) established, in which they will receive up to 1.5 percent of compensation funded by part of the employer contribution. VRAs will receive investment earnings based on investment returns.

Legislation enacted in 2017 established the current Cost-of-Living Adjustment (COLA) process. At each valuation date:

- Baseline actuarial accrued liabilities will be calculated assuming the COLA is equal to long-term inflation assumption of 2.25 percent.
- If the fair value of assets is greater or equal to the baseline actuarial accrued liabilities, the COLA will be:
 - o The increase in the 3rd quarter CPI-W, no less than 0.5 percent and no greater than 3.5 percent.
- If the fair value of assets is less than the baseline actuarial accrued liabilities, the COLA will be:
 - O The increase in the 3rd quarter CPI-W, no less than 0.5 percent and no greater than a restricted maximum such that, if the restricted maximum is assumed for future COLAs, the fair value of assets will be greater or equal to the accrued liabilities.

Legislation enacted in 2021 reduced the minimum COLA from 0.5 percent to 0.0 percent.

All benefits except those depending on the Member's Accumulated Contributions are annually increased by the COLA.

Contributions:

Per SDCL 3-12, contribution requirements of the active employees and the participating employers are established and may be amended by the SDRS Board. Covered employees are required by state statute to contribute the following percentages of their salary to the plan; Class A Members, 6.0 percent of salary; Class B Judicial Members, 9.0 percent of salary; and Class B Public Safety Members, 8.0 percent of salary. State statute also requires the employer to contribute an amount equal to the employee's contribution. State statute also requires the employer to make an additional contribution in the amount of 6.2 percent for any compensation exceeding the maximum taxable amount for social security for general employees only. The School District's share of contributions to the SDRS for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2024, 2023, and 2022 were \$105,821, \$106,768, and \$108,799, respectively, equal to the required contributions each year.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2024

(9) Pension Plan

Pension Assets/(Liabilities), Pension Revenue, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources to Pensions:

At June 30, 2023, SDRS is 100.10 percent funded and accordingly has a net pension asset. The proportionate shares of the components of the net pension asset of South Dakota Retirement System, for the School District as of June 30, 2024 are as follows:

Proportionate Share of Net Position Restricted for Pension	\$ 10,190,339
Benefits	
Less: Proportionate Share of Total Pension Asset	10,183,479
Proportionate Share of Net Pension Asset	\$ 6,860

At June 30, 2024, the District reported an asset of \$6,860 for its proportionate share of the net pension asset. The net pension asset was measured as of June 30, 2023 and the total pension asset used to calculate the net pension asset was based on a projection of the District's share of contributions to the pension plan relative to the contributions of all participating entities. At June 30, 2023, the District's proportion was 0.0702760 percent, which is a decrease of 0.0069770 percent from its proportion measured at June 30, 2022.

For the year ended June 30, 2024, the District recognized pension revenue of \$155,774. At June 30, 2024 the District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows Deferred Inflow					
	of Resources			Resources		
Difference between Expected and Actual Experience	\$	194,429	\$	-		
Changes in Assumption		234,508		342,799		
Net Difference between Projected and Actual Earnings on						
Pension Plan Investments		45,667		-		
District Contributions Subsequent to the Measurement Date		105,821				
Total	\$	580,425	\$	342,799		

Deferred outflows of resources include \$105,821 resulting from District contributions subsequent to the measurement date that will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ending June 30, 2025. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense/(revenue) by the Plan as follows:

	\$ 131,805
2028	 9,648
2027	132,759
2026	(104,013)
2025	\$ 93,411

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2024

(9) Pension Plan

Actuarial Assumptions:

The total pension asset in the June 30, 2023 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Inflation 2.50 percent

Salary Increases Graded by years of service, from 7.66 percent at entry to 3.15 percent after 25

years of service.

Discount Rate 6.50 percent, net of pension plan investment expense. This is composed of an

average inflation rate of 2.50 percent and real returns of 4.00 percent.

Future COLAs 1.91 percent

Mortality Rates:

All mortality rates based on Pub-2010 amount-weighted mortality tables, projected generationally with improvement scale MP-2020

Active and Terminated Vested Members:

Teachers, Certified Regents, and Judicial: PubT-2010

Other Class A Members: PubG-2010 Public Safety Members: PubS-2010

Retired Members:

Teachers, Certified Regents, and Judicial Retirees: PubT-2010, 108% of rates above age 65 Other Class A Retirees: PubG-2010, 93% of rates through age 74, increasing by 2% per year until

111% of rates at age 83 and above

Public Safety Retirees: PubS-2010, 102% of rates at all ages

Beneficiaries:

PubG-2010 contingent survivor mortality table

Disabled Members:

Public Safety: PubS-2010 disabled member mortality table Others: PubG-2010 disabled member mortality table

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2023 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period of July 1, 2016 to June 30, 2022.

Investment portfolio management is the statutory responsibility of the South Dakota Investment Council (SDIC), which may utilize the services of external money managers for management of a portion of the portfolio. SDIC is governed by the Prudent Man Rule (i.e., the council should use the same degree of care as a prudent man). Current SDIC investment policies dictate limits on the percentage of assets invested in various types of vehicles (equities, fixed income securities, real estate, cash, private equity, etc.). The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighing the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. Best estimates of real rates of return for each major asset class included in the pension plan's target asset allocation as of June 30, 2023 (see the discussion of the pension plan's investment policy) are summarized in the following table using geometric means:

	Target	Long-Term Expected
Asset Class	Allocation	Real Rate of Return
Global Equity	56.3%	3.8%
Fixed Income	22.8%	1.7%
High Yield Debt	7.0%	2.7%
Real Estate	12.0%	3.5%
Cash	1.9%	0.8%
	100.0%	

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2024

(9) Pension Plan

Discount Rate:

The discount rate used to measure the total pension asset was 6.50 percent. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that plan member contributions will be made at the current contribution rate and that matching employer contributions will be made at rates equal to the member rate. Based on these assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability/(asset).

Sensitivity of Asset to Changes in the Discount Rate:

The following presents the District's proportionate share of net pension (asset)/liability, calculated using the discount rate of 6.50 percent, as well as what the District's proportionate share of the net pension asset would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage point lower (5.50 percent) or 1-percentage point higher (7.50 percent) than the current rate:

	Current Discount						
	1	% Decrease		Rate	1% Increase		
District's Proportionate Share of							
the Net Pension Liability/(Asset)	\$	1,405,906	\$	(6,860)	\$	(1,162,232)	

Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position:

Detailed information about the plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued SDRS financial report.

OTHER REPORTS



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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

School Board Newell School District No. 9-2 Newell, South Dakota

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Newell School District No. 9-2 (the District) as of and for the year ended June 30, 2024 and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated March 10, 2025 in which an adverse opinion was expressed on the governmental activities and an unmodified opinion on the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information. The governmental activities are adverse due to a lack of recording certain capital assets and depreciation expense.

Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the District's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control.

A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the District's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the preceding paragraph and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies and therefore, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that were not identified. We did identify certain deficiencies in internal control, described in the accompanying Schedule of Findings as #2024-001 through #2024-006, that we consider to be material weaknesses.

Report on Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the District's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

School Board Newell School District No. 9-2

District's Response to Findings

Government Auditing Standards requires the auditor to perform limited procedures on the District's response to the findings identified in our audit and described in the accompanying Schedule of Findings. The District's response was not subjected to the other auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and, accordingly, we express no opinion on the response.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the District's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose. As required by South Dakota Codified Law 4-11-11, this report is a matter of public record and its distribution is not limited.

KETEL THORSTENSON, LLP Certified Public Accountants

March 10, 2025

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS JUNE 30, 2024

Material Weaknesses

2024-001 FINDING: Internal Controls

Condition/Cause: Monthly check registers are not produced by the software system and given to the superintendent or School Board member to review for validity and proper check number sequence. Additionally, we noted a lack of authorized reviews over manual journal entries, purchases, and monthly bank reconciliations.

Criteria and Effect: Internal controls should be in place to provide reasonable assurance that all financial transactions are reviewed and approved before payments are made and reports are generated. The effectiveness of the internal control system relies on enforcement by management.

Repeat Finding from Prior Year: Yes, prior year finding 2023-001.

Recommendation: The superintendent, secretary, or a School Board member should review the monthly check registers produced by the software system for validity and check number sequence. Additionally, the bank reconciliation, manual journal entries, and purchases should be reviewed for accuracy and reasonableness. Authorization sign-offs should be performed by the reviewer.

Response/Corrective Action Plan: The District agrees with the above finding. See Corrective Action Plan.

2024-002 FINDING: Capital Asset Records

Condition and Cause: Capital asset records were not properly maintained to support the amounts reported for governmental activities capital assets, resulting in lack of control over public assets and inaccurate financial statements.

Criteria and Effect: Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that capital assets be recorded as assets and depreciated. These conditions result in unreliable data being reported for capital assets for governmental activities and lack of safeguards for these assets. As a result, the District's audit report for governmental activities expresses an adverse opinion.

Repeat Finding from Prior Year: Yes, prior year finding 2023-002.

Recommendation: The District needs to establish and maintain adequate capital assets accounting records. The general ledger capital asset balance should be reconciled to the accounting records established.

Response/Corrective Action Plan: The District agrees with the above finding. See Corrective Action Plan.

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS JUNE 30, 2024

Material Weaknesses

2024-003 FINDING: Preparation of Financial Statements

Condition and Cause: As in prior years, we were requested to draft the audited financial statements, and related footnote disclosures as part of our regular audit services. Ultimately, it is management's responsibility to provide for the preparation of the District's statements and footnotes, and the responsibility of the auditor to determine the fairness of presentation of those statements. From a practical standpoint, we do both for the District at the same time in connection with our audit. This is not unusual for us to do with organizations of the District's size.

Criteria and Effect: It is our responsibility to inform the School Board that this deficiency could result in a material misstatement to the financial statements that would have not been prevented or detected by the District's management.

Repeat Finding from Prior Year: Yes, prior year finding 2023-003.

Recommendation: We have instructed management to review a draft of the auditor prepared financial statements in detail for their accuracy; we have answered any questions they might have, and have encouraged research of any accounting guidance in connection with the adequacy and appropriateness of classification and disclosure in the District's financial statements. We are satisfied that the appropriate steps have been taken to provide the District with the completed financial statements. It is the responsibility of management and the School Board to make the decision whether to accept the degree of risk associated with this condition because of cost or other considerations.

Response/Corrective Action Plan: The District agrees with the above finding. See Corrective Action Plan.

2024-004 FINDING: Audit Adjustments

Condition and Cause: During our engagement, we assisted with adjusting SDRS pension activity and we proposed material audit adjustments. The adjustments included:

- a. Adjusting property tax receivable and unavailable revenue.
- b. Adjusting inventory balances.
- c. Adjusting capital assets of governmental activities.
- d. Adjusting accounts payable and accrued liabilities.
- e. Adjusting reoffering premium amortization on refunding bonds.
- f. Adjusting prior year expenditures, revenue, and receivable recorded in the current year.
- g. Adjusting beginning fund balance

Other entries were proposed as part of the audit but were not recorded due to the overall insignificance on the financial statements.

Criteria and Effect: These adjustments were not recorded through the District's existing internal controls, and therefore, resulted in a material misstatement of the District's financial statements. As in past audits, these adjustments were made by us as part of our audit process.

Repeat Finding from Prior Year: Yes, prior year finding 2023-004.

Recommendation: We recommend management adjust all significant accounts at year end. This will provide the District with accurate financial information. Specifically:

- a. Property tax receivable and related revenues should be monitored and adjusted at least annually.
- b. Inventory balances should be monitored and updated at least annually.
- c. Capital expenditures should be capitalized and depreciated over the useful life of the asset.
- d. Accounts payable and accrued liability balances should be monitored and recorded on an annual basis.
- e. Amortization on refunding bonds should be recorded over the life of the bond.
- f. Federal revenue and receivables should be recorded at year end to reflect federal expenditures not yet reimbursed
- g. Fund balances should be rolled forward each year to ensure audit adjustments were made correctly.

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS JUNE 30, 2024

Material Weaknesses

2024-004 FINDING: Audit Adjustments

Response/Corrective Action Plan: The District agrees with the above finding. See Corrective Action Plan.

2024-005 FINDING: Missing Checks

Condition and Cause: Management was unable to locate checks numbers 100006, 100007, 100039-100043, 100045-100052, 108166-108179, and 40961.

Criteria and Effect: Checks should be written in sequence. Any voided checks should be maintained for internal records. Missing checks may result in misappropriation of cash, or incomplete financial data.

Repeat Finding from Prior Year: Yes, prior year finding 2023-005.

Recommendation: We recommend check registers are generated from the accounting software and provided to the superintendent, secretary, or a School Board member to review the monthly check registers. Review of the check register should include ensuring the check sequence is complete.

Response/Corrective Action Plan: The District agrees with the above finding. See Corrective Action Plan.

2024-006 FINDING: Federal Expenditure Reimbursements

Condition and Cause: During our review of federal expenditure reimbursement requests, we determined expenditures of \$2,117 were charged to ESSER and expenditures of \$4,235 were charged to Title I in fiscal year 2023 and reported on the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards (SEFA), although, it is unclear if the amounts were ever requested for federal reimbursement. In fiscal year 2024, the same \$2,117 and \$4,235 were charged to Title II and were submitted for federal reimbursement.

Criteria and Effect: Federal expenditures should be tracked by individual program. This deficiency could result in improper classification and cutoff of federal program expenditures, and the potential for duplication of reimbursement requests across multiple programs. This may result in the need to pay back funding received to the granting agency, or even loss of future funding.

Repeat Finding from Prior Year: No.

Recommendation: We recommend federal expenditures are tracked using individual program account codes to ensure classification of program expenditures in the correct period and for the correct federal program.

Response/Corrective Action Plan: The District agrees with the above finding. See Corrective Action Plan.

MANAGEMENT RESPONSE

OFFICE OF BUSINESS MANAGER NEWELL SCHOOL DISTRICT #9-2 P.O. BOX 99

NEWELL SD 57760Phone: 605-456-2393
Fax: 605-456-2395

SUMMARY SCHEDULE OF PRIOR AUDIT FINDINGS JUNE 30, 2024

Newell School District No. 9-2 (the District) respectfully submits the following summary schedule of prior audit findings from the June 30, 2023 Schedule of Findings. The findings are numbered consistently with the numbers assigned in the 2023 Schedule of Findings.

2023-001 FINDING: Internal Controls

Status: The District made efforts to implement better internal controls as it related to segregation of duties, however there are still segregation of duties issues.

Initial Year Report: Originally issued years ago.

Reason for Recurrence and Corrective Action Plan: Due to the limited staff at the District's business office, it is difficult to achieve complete segregation of duties. Comment is revised and repeated in 2024. See Corrective Action Plan.

2023-002 FINDING: Capital Asset Records

Status: The District did not track capital assets in the current year.

Initial Year Report: Originally issued years ago.

Reason for Recurrence and Corrective Action Plan: Due to turnover within the business office capital assets were not tracked. Comment is repeated in 2024. See Corrective Action Plan.

2023-003 FINDING: Preparation of Financial Statements and Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards

Status: It is more cost effective for the District to hire Ketel Thorstenson, LLP, a public accounting firm, to prepare the full disclosure financial statements and schedule of expenditures of federal awards as a part of the annual audit process. The District has designated a member of management to review the draft financial statements and accompanying notes to the financial statements and the schedule of expenditures of federal awards.

Initial Year Report: Originally issued years ago.

Reason for Recurrence and Corrective Action Plan: As the District has accepted the risk associated with the auditor's preparing of the financial statements, it will be repeated in 2024. See Corrective Action Plan.

2023-004 FINDING: Audit Adjustments

Status: The District made efforts to record all year-end entries, but several audit adjustments were made.

Initial Year Report: Originally issued years ago.

Reason for Recurrence and Corrective Action Plan: The finding is altered based on specific audit adjustments each year, and is repeated in the Schedule of Findings. See Corrective Action Plan.

OFFICE OF BUSINESS MANAGER NEWELL SCHOOL DISTRICT #9-2 P.O. BOX 99 NEWELL SD 57760

Phone: 605-456-2393 Fax: 605-456-2395

SUMMARY SCHEDULE OF PRIOR AUDIT FINDINGS JUNE 30, 2024

2023-005 FINDING: Missing Checks

Status: The District made efforts to better track the status of all checks, but several missing checks were identified.

Initial Year Report: Originally issued in the prior year.

Reason for Recurrence and Corrective Action Plan: Due to the turnover at the District's business office, it is difficult to obtain status of missing checks. Comment is revised and repeated in 2024. See Corrective Action Plan.

OFFICE OF BUSINESS MANAGER NEWELL SCHOOL DISTRICT #9-2 P.O. BOX 99

NEWELL SD 57760

Phone: 605-456-2393 Fax: 605-456-2395

CORRECTIVE ACTION PLAN JUNE 30, 2024

Newell School District No. 9-2 (the District) respectfully submits the following corrective action plan regarding findings from the June 30, 2024 Schedule of Findings. The findings are numbered consistently with the numbers assigned in the Schedule of Findings.

2024-001 FINDING: Internal Controls

Responsible Individuals: Amy Williams, Business Manager

Corrective Action Plan: The District agrees with the above finding and will have the Superintendent review the monthly check registers produced from the software, manual journal entries, and bank reconciliations. Additionally, the Superintendent and School Board are emailed the information in with the bank reconciliation that shows the check register for the SUI software as part of the monthly board packet.

Anticipated Completion Date: December 2025

2024-002 FINDING: Capital Asset Records

Responsible Individuals: Amy Williams, Business Manager

Corrective Action Plan: Due to record keeping in the 1990s, the District will continue to have this finding. The District will work to improve the capital asset records going forward.

Anticipated Completion Date: Ongoing

2024-003 FINDING: Preparation of Financial Statements

Responsible Individuals: Amy Williams, Business Manager

Corrective Action Plan: The District agrees with the above finding, and the District has accepted the risk associated with the auditor's preparing of the financial statements. The District has designated a member of management to review the draft financial statements and accompanying notes to the financial statements.

Anticipated Completion Date: Ongoing

2024-004 FINDING: Audit Adjustments

Responsible Individuals: Amy Williams, Business Manager

Corrective Action Plan: The District agrees with the above finding and will make the audit adjustments per the auditor's recommendations.

Anticipated Completion Date: Ongoing

2024-005 FINDING: Missing Checks

Responsible Individuals: Amy Williams, Business Manager

Corrective Action Plan: The District agrees with the above finding and will have the Superintendent review the monthly check registers for completeness.

Anticipated Completion Date: December 2025.

OFFICE OF BUSINESS MANAGER NEWELL SCHOOL DISTRICT #9-2 P.O. BOX 99 NEWELL SD 57760

Phone: 605-456-2393 Fax: 605-456-2395

CORRECTIVE ACTION PLAN JUNE 30, 2024

2024-006 FINDING: Federal Expenditure Reimbursements

Responsible Individuals: Amy Williams, Business Manager

Corrective Action Plan: The District agrees with the above finding and will track federal expenditures through individual program account codes to facilitate accurate request reimbursements and avoid duplication of federal expenditures across programs.

Anticipated Completion Date: December 2025.